

Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission

Junior Certificate Examination 2015

Mathematics

Paper 1 Higher Level

Friday 5 June – Afternoon 2:00 to 4:30

300 marks

Centre Stamp						
Running total						

Examination number

For examiner									
Question	Mark	Question	Mark						
1		11							
2		12							
3		13							
4		14							
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10		Total							

(Grade	

Instructions
There are 14 questions on this examination paper. Answer all questions.
Questions do not necessarily carry equal marks. To help you manage your time during this examination, a maximum time for each question is suggested. If you remain within these times you should have about 10 minutes left to review your work.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. You may lose marks if you do not do so. You may ask the superintendent for more paper. Label any extra work clearly with the question number and part.
The superintendent will give you a copy of the <i>Formulae and Tables</i> booklet. You must return it at the end of the examination. You are not allowed to bring your own copy into the examination.
You will lose marks if all necessary work is not clearly shown.
You may lose marks if the appropriate units of measurement are not included, where relevant.

You may lose marks if your answers are not given in simplest form, where relevant.

Write the make and model of your calculator(s) here:

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

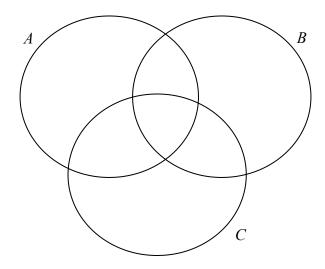
The sets A, B, and C are as follows:

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7\}$$

$$B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9\}$$
 $C = \{1, 4, 5, 10\}.$

$$C = \{1, 4, 5, 10\}.$$

Complete the Venn diagram below. (a)



List the elements of each of the following sets. **(b)**

$$A \cup B =$$

$$A \setminus C =$$

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Complete the following identity. (c)

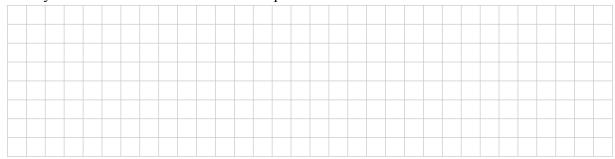
$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap \Big(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \Big)$$

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(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

(a) David weighs 88 kg. The average male triathlete of his height weighs 83 kg.

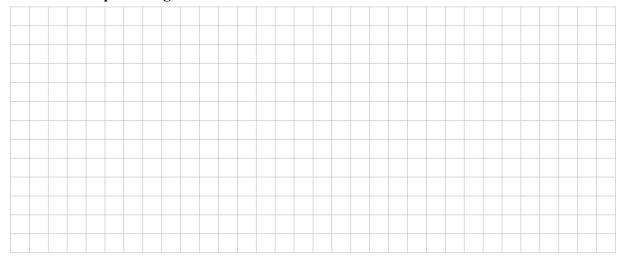
If David aims to reach this weight, what **percentage decrease** is required? Give your answer correct to two decimal places.



(b) Mary's house was worth €200 000.

Mary increased the value of her house by 15% by building a conservatory. She then increased its value by a further 10% by repaying the driveway.

Find the **total percentage** increase in value.



(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

Eleanor has a gross income of €38 500 for the year.

She has an annual tax credit of €3300.

The standard rate cut-off point is €33 800.

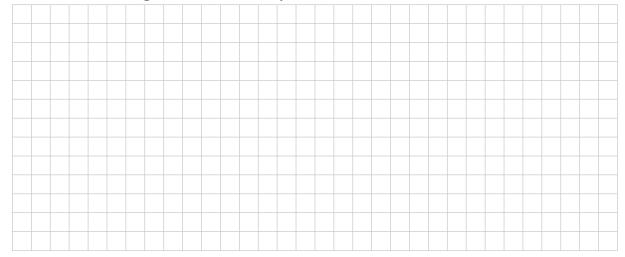
The standard rate of income tax is 20% and the higher rate is 40%.

(a) Find Eleanor's **net** income for the year (i.e. after tax is paid).



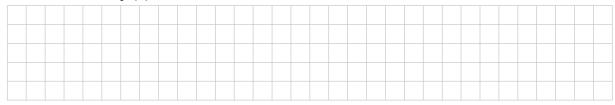
Eleanor receives a pay rise. As a result, her **net** income for the year is €34780.

(b) Find Eleanor's new **gross** income for the year.

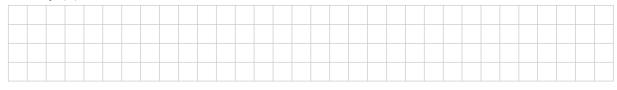


Let f(x) = 3x + 5, for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(a) Find the value of f(7).



(b) Write f(k) in terms of k.



(c) Using your answer to part (b), or otherwise, find the value of k for which f(k) = k.



(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

The Kelvin scale is one way of measuring temperature.

To convert a temperature from degrees Fahrenheit (F) to kelvin (K), you:

add 459.67 to F, then multiply your answer by 5 and divide by 9.

(a) Convert 212 degrees Fahrenheit (F) to kelvin (K).



(b) Write an algebraic formula to express K in terms of F.

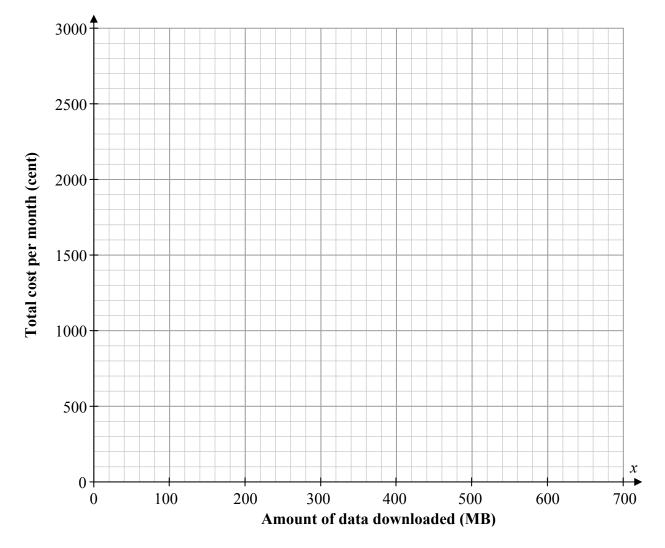


(c) Hence, or otherwise, convert 400 kelvin (K) to degrees Fahrenheit (F).

Two mobile phone companies, Cellulon and Mobil, offer price plans for mobile internet access. A formula, in x, for the total cost per month for each company is shown in the table below. x is the number of MB of data downloaded per month.

Phone company	Total cost per month (cent)
Cellulon	c(x) = 4x
Mobil	m(x) = 1000 + 2x

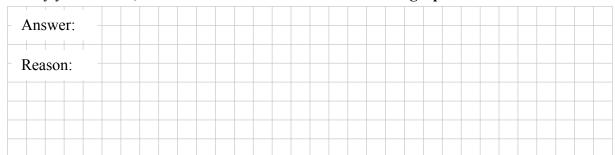
(a) Draw the graphs of c(x) and m(x) on the co-ordinate grid below to show the total cost per month for each phone company, for $0 \le x \le 700$. Label each graph clearly.



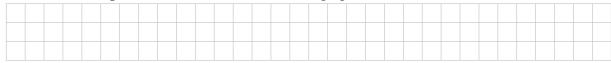


(b) Which company charges **no** fixed monthly fee?

Justify your answer, with reference to the relevant **formula** or **graph**.

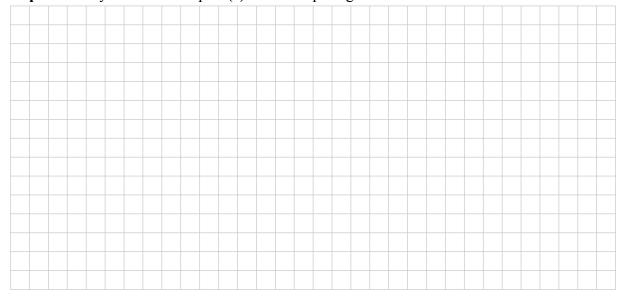


(c) Write down the **point of intersection** of the two graphs.



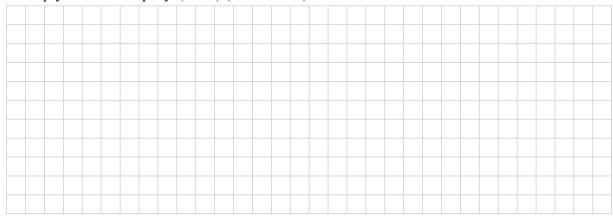
Fergus wants to buy a mobile phone from one of these two companies, and wants his mobile internet bill to be as low as possible.

(d) Explain how your answer to part (c) would help Fergus choose between *Cellulon* and *Mobil*.

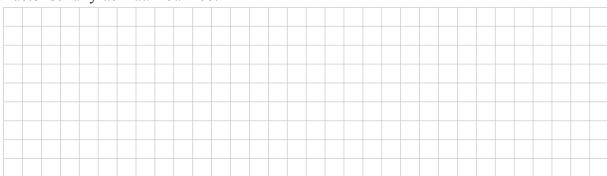


(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

(a) Multiply out and simplify $(x + 5) (x^2 - 2x + 6)$.

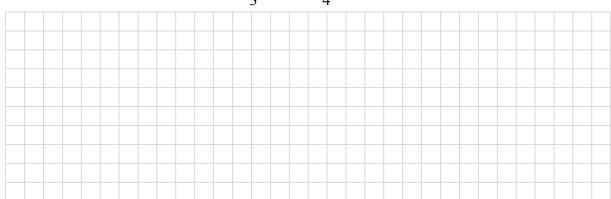


(b) Factorise fully ac - ad - bd + bc.



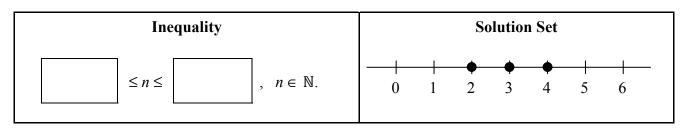
(c) Write the following as a single fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{x+2}{3} - \frac{x-3}{4}$$



(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

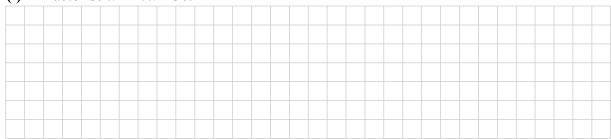
(a) Complete the inequality in n below so that it has the solution set shown.



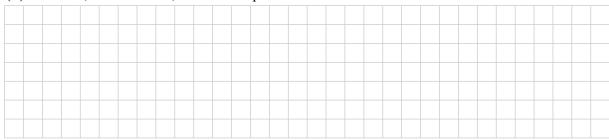
(b) Complete the inequality in x below so that there is only one possible value of x, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

(a) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 7x - 30$.



(ii) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation $x^2 + 7x - 30 = 0$.



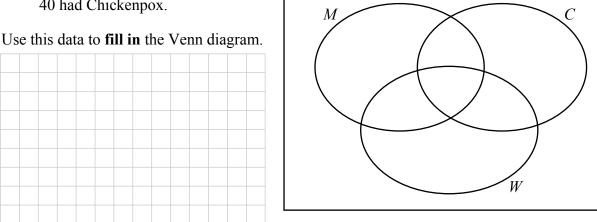
(b) Solve the equation $2x^2 - 7x - 10 = 0$. Give each answer correct to two decimal places.

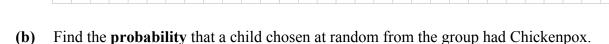


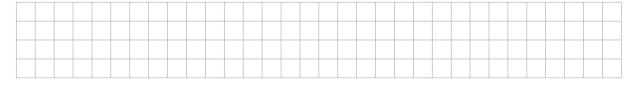
(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

A researcher has found old census data about Measles (M), Chickenpox (C), and Whooping cough (W) among 12-year-old children. In a group of 100 children:

- 31 had **none** of these diseases
- 2 had all three diseases
- 2 had Measles and Chickenpox, but not Whooping cough
- 6 had Whooping cough and Chickenpox
- 11 had at least two diseases
- 18 had Measles
- 40 had Chickenpox.
- (a)







The table below shows 3 statements. Each statement is written in English and in set notation.

Complete the table. (c)

_	English	Set notation
Statement 1	6 had Whooping cough and Chickenpox	$6 = \#(W \cap C)$
Statement 2		$36 = \#(C \setminus M)$
Statement 3	2 had Measles and Chickenpox but not Whooping cough	

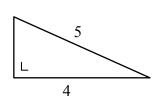
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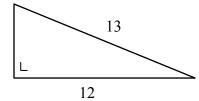
(Suggested maximum time: 20 minutes)

Two right-angled triangles are shown below.

(a) Find the height of each triangle.

Write each answer in the box below the appropriate diagram.



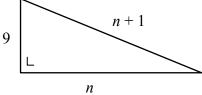




The triangles above are the first two triangles (with sides of integer lengths) where the hypotenuse is 1 unit longer than the base.

(b) Another such triangle is shown on the right. It has a height of 9 units.

Use the Theorem of Pythagoras to find the value of n, the length of the base of this triangle.



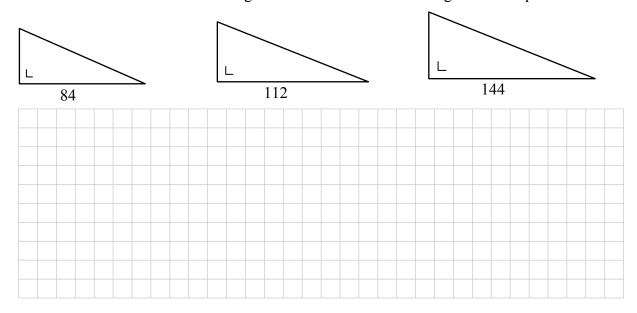


These triangles can be put in a sequence of increasing size.

The lengths of the bases of the triangles in this sequence follow a quadratic pattern.

Three consecutive triangles in this sequence are shown below.

(c) Use this information to find the length of the base of the next triangle in the sequence.

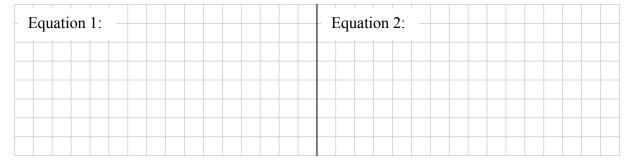


The length of the hypotenuse, h, of triangle x in this sequence is given by the function below, where b and c are integers.

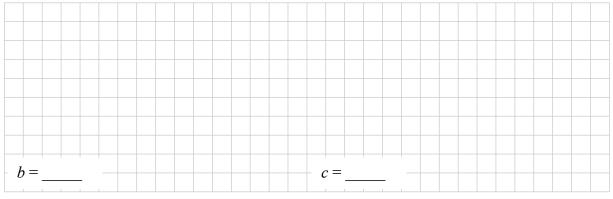
$$h(x) = 2x^2 + bx + c$$

Also, h(1) = 5 and h(2) = 13.

(d) (i) Use this information to write two equations in b and c.

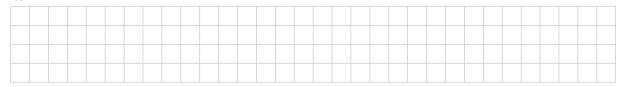


(ii) Solve these simultaneous equations to find the value of b and the value of c.



(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

(a) (i) Factorise $n^2 - 1$.



Hence, or otherwise, answer the following question.

(ii) The **product** of two **consecutive odd** positive numbers is 399. Find the two numbers.



(b) Divide $x^3 + 5x^2 - 29x - 105$ by x + 3.

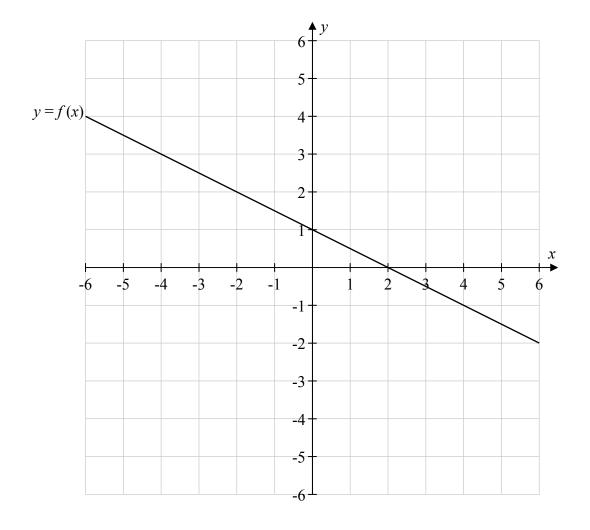


(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

The graph of the linear function y = f(x) is drawn on the co-ordinate grid below.

Using the same axes, draw the graph of each of the following functions, where $-6 \le x \le 6$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Label each graph clearly.

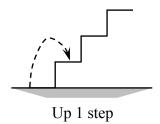
- (a) y = f(x) + 2
- **(b)** y = -f(x)

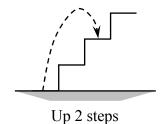




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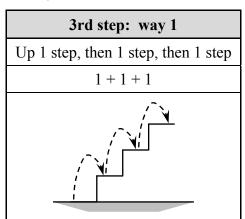
A boxer runs up stairs as part of her training. She can go up 1 step or 2 steps with each stride, as shown.

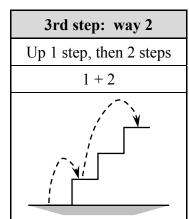


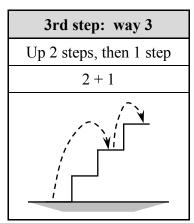


The boxer wants to count how many different ways she can reach the nth step. She calls this T_n , the nth Taylor number.

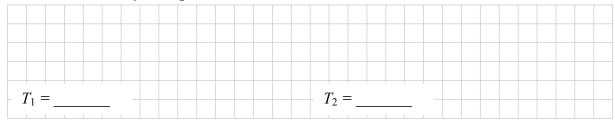
For example, she has 3 different ways to reach the 3rd step, as shown in the tables below. So $T_3 = 3$.



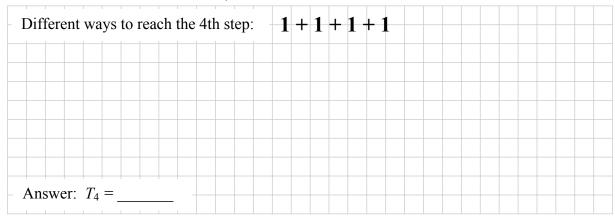




(a) Find the value of T_1 and T_2 .

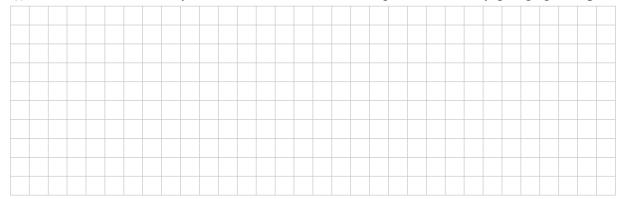


(b) List all the different ways that she can reach the 4th step; one way is already done for you. Hence write down the value of T_4 .



Some of the ways to reach the nth step start by going up 1 step; others start by going up 2 steps.

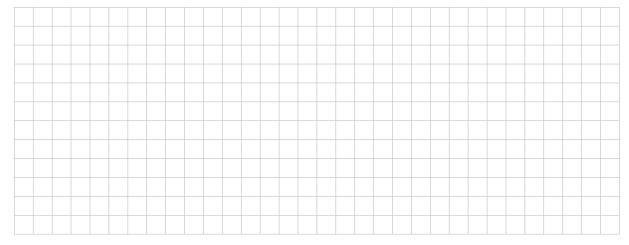
(c) (i) List the different ways that she can reach the 5th step, if she starts by going up 1 step.

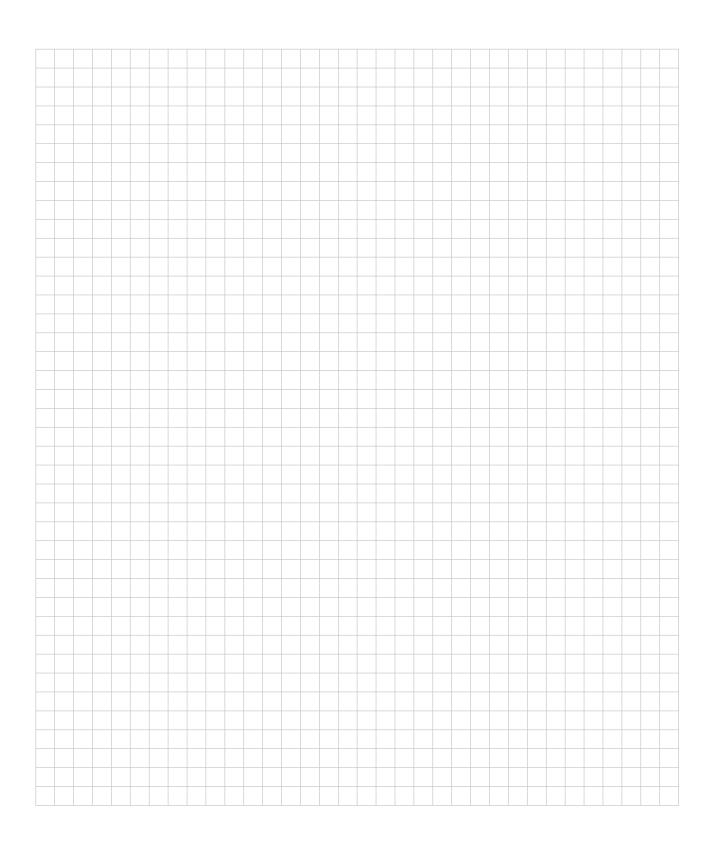


(ii) List the different ways that she can reach the 5th step, if she starts by going up 2 steps.



(d) Explain why $T_{100} = T_{99} + T_{98}$.





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